Spanish Fork, UT | 40 South Main Street | (801) 804-4500

May 2020

COMMUNITY CALENDAR

May 4 & 5 Recycle pickup.
May 5 City Council Meeting at 6:00 p.m. Broadcast live on Spanish Fork 17, YouTube, and Facebook.
May 18 & 19 Recycle pickup.
May 19 City Council Meeting at 6:00 p.m. Broadcast live on Spanish Fork 17, YouTube, and Facebook.
May 25 Memorial Day. City offices closed.

RECREATION CALENDAR

Dates may change or activities may be cancelled due to COVID-19.

We are currently registering for the following activities:

• Baseball and softball (boys and girls grades 3-12)
• Lacrosse (grades 3-8)

With the changing state restrictions and recommendations, we are currently evaluating the following activities. Please refer to Parks & Recreation programming updates on the city website under the COVID-19 updates section.

• Swimming lessons and swim team
• Tennis lessons and CUTA League

Register online at reconline.spanishfork.org.
Parks & Recreation office is currently closed to the public. Call (801) 804-4600 for more information.

UTILITY ASSISTANCE PROGRAM

The Utility Assistance Program is a voluntary program to help low-income individuals and families with their utility bills. One hundred percent of donations are placed into a fund that is exclusively used for low-income utility assistance in Spanish Fork.

Due to the COVID-19 pandemic, we have seen an increase in both the number of unpaid utility accounts and requests for assistance through the program. Unfortunately, the donations we have received are not keeping up with the assistance needed in our community. If you would like to contribute to the utility assistance program, you can do so through either a one-time donation or by rounding up your utility bill to the nearest dollar each month.

Visit spanishfork.org/utilityassistance to donate.

STAY SAFE | STAY HOME

CLEAN UP

April 27 – May 11

Get your spring cleaning done while also staying safe! From April 27 to May 11, deposit your waste into dumpsters at 1 of 5 locations, including Fire Station 61 (100 E 300 N), Sports Park (295 W Volunteer Drive), Centennial Park (572 S 600 E), Abbie Court Park (1438 S 2050 E), or Sierra Park (94 N 1800 E).

Do not dump the following items: tires, fridges or freezers, AC units with Freon, oils, chemicals, flammable liquids, or electronics. Visit spanishfork.org/newslist.php for more information.

400 N & SR-51 ROUNDABOUT

In collaboration with UDOT, Spanish Fork City is planning to change the intersection at 400 N SR-51 to a 3-way roundabout. Construction on the project will begin after the school year ends in May and will end before the school year begins in the fall. This change will help increase traffic flow and improve safety at this heavily-used intersection.

www.spanishfork.org
WAYS TO PAY YOUR UTILITY BILL

Even though the City Offices have been temporarily closed to the public, there are a number of other ways that you can pay your utility bill, including:
- Online at xpressbillpay.com. Issues resulting from increased traffic to xpressbillpay.com have been resolved.
- By phone at (855) 279-3197. The $3 fee for phone payments will be waived until future notice.
- ACH Autopay. Get a $10 one-time credit for switching to ACH Autopay.
- Dropbox. You can continue to deposit your utility payments in the dropbox located in the city offices parking lot (40 S Main St).

DOOR-TO-DOOR SOLICITORS

In response to COVID-19, the City has suspended issuing new solicitor licenses to help minimize the spread of the virus. We encourage residents to take the following precautions with solicitation:
- If someone knocks on your door and you don't know who it is, be judicious when deciding whether or not to answer.
- If you're approached by a solicitor, ask if they have a Spanish Fork Business License. If they don't, report them to the Spanish Fork Police Department at (801) 804-4700.

ADOPT A PLANTER

The city greenhouse needs volunteers to help plant flowers in the beds along Main Street. Due to COVID-19 concerns, we are assigning volunteer slots from 9 a.m. to noon on May 12-15 and 19-21. Early evening slots are available upon request. One or two planter beds per concerns will be assigned to maintain social distancing.

To request a spot, email adoptaplanter@spanishfork.org.

CEMETERY DECORATIONS

This year, there are only two weeks between Mother's Day and Memorial Day. This will reduce the time that Mother's Day decorations may remain at the cemetery so that our staff has sufficient time to prepare the cemetery for Memorial Day. Please refer to the following decorations schedule for May holidays:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Mother's Day (5/10)</th>
<th>Memorial Day (5/25)</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Begin decorating</td>
<td>Thursday 5/7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Remove decorations by</td>
<td>Wednesday 5/13</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Decorations discarded on</td>
<td>Thursday 5/14</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Policy reminder: Only one shepherd hook is allowed for each burial position.

LIBRARY CORNER

"Imagine Your Story" Summer Reading Program

Signups for our "Imagine Your Story" summer reading program begin on Tuesday, May 12. This fun program is open to readers of all ages. Earn prizes by logging your reading, completing challenges, and earning badges!

To sign up, come through our drive-up area by the library building. Kids can pick a prize and meet our staff dressed as their favorite storybook characters. The first 100 people to sign up will receive a free book. Learn more at spanishfork.org/library.

Online Account Application

Visit our website, spanishfork.org/library, to apply for a library account online.

Checking Out Items

Library items can be placed on hold online or by calling (801) 804-4480. Items will then be available for pickup on the shelf outside the library's front door.

STORM DRAIN AND GROUNDWATER POLLUTION

How to avoid polluting our streams and groundwater:
- Keep household chemicals indoors.
- Do not dispose of harmful chemicals in the ground, gutters, or drain boxes.
- Avoid flushing household chemicals down the sink or toilet.
- Take precautions to protect gutter and inlet boxes while performing maintenance work on vehicles.
- Keep gutters clean from yard waste such as fertilizer, grass clippings, and leaves.

SPRINKLER SMART CONTROLLERS

To reduce the amount of water lost due to wind and evaporation, as well as decrease the peak demand on the PI system, Spanish Fork City has created the Smart Controller Program. Residents who participate in the program receive a free Rachio Smart Controller, which automatically manages their PI usage and adjusts run times based on the weather and the residents landscaping.

Visit spanishfork.org/conservewater to learn more or sign up. Due to COVID-19, we are not scheduling installations at this time; however, you can sign up to be on the waitlist to be notified once installations are open.

CONTACT US

Send Questions or Comments for the Mayor & City Council to:
Spanish Fork City Attn: Dear Mayor
40 South Main, Spanish Fork, UT 84660

www.spanishfork.org
NOTICE TO SPANISH FORK CITY UTILITY CUSTOMERS

State law requires the City to provide an annual disclosure on funds transferred from a utility enterprise fund to any other fund. The City amended its 2020 annual budget on April 7, 2020. With this budget amendment, the City transferred additional funds from the Electric Fund to the Streets and Storm Drain Fund. This is the notice given to utility customers about this transfer.

Spanish Fork City has several major projects in the Street and Storm Drain Fund but doesn’t have enough funds to complete these important projects for the community. These projects include the following:

- Canyon Creek Parkway, Spanish Fork Parkway and Market Place Drive (around Lowe's);
- Extending Spanish Fork Parkway from 400 North to the IHC Hospital area; and
- Street and Storm Drain improvements near the new All-Abilities Park on Canyon Road.

The amended budget includes a transfer of 9 million dollars from the Electric Fund to the Streets and Storm Drain Fund. This transfer is of funds which cannot be defined as reasonable allocation of costs between funds. This amount will not be repaid. The funds are being withdrawn from Electric Reserves.

The amount of the transfer is as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Dollar Amount</th>
<th>% of Expenditures</th>
</tr>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>$9,000,000</td>
<td>29%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

A public hearing was held on Tuesday, April 7, 2020 at 6:00 p.m. at the City Council Chambers located in the Spanish Fork City Offices at 40 South Main Street, Spanish Fork, Utah. The hearing was broadcast on SF17, SFCN.org, Facebook Live, and YouTube. The public hearing discussed the proposed transfer in the Fiscal Year 2020 Budget, which was approved by the City Council. The fiscal year begins July 1, 2019 and ends June 30, 2020.

Thank you for your support and involvement as a customer of Spanish Fork's utilities.
Annual Drinking Water Quality Report – 2019
Spanish Fork City Water Department

We’re pleased to present to you this year's Annual Drinking Water Quality Report. This report is designed to inform you about the quality of the water and services we deliver to you every day. Our constant goal is to provide you with a safe and dependable supply of drinking water. We want you to understand the efforts we make to continually improve the water treatment process and protect our water resources. We are committed to ensuring the quality of your water. We at Spanish Fork City work around the clock to provide top quality water to every tap. I'm pleased to report that our drinking water meets federal and state requirements.

If you have any questions about this report or concerning your water utility, please contact 801-804-4500. We want our valued customers to be informed about their water utility. If you want to learn more, please attend any of our regularly scheduled meetings. They are held on the third Tuesday of each month at 6:00 pm at the City Office Building, 40 South Main Street, Spanish Fork, Utah. We ask that all our customers help us protect our water sources, which are the heart of our community, our way of life and our children’s future.

**DRINKING WATER SOURCE**
The Drinking Water Source Protection Plan for Spanish Fork City is available for your review. It contains information about source protection zones, potential contamination sources and management strategies to protect our drinking water. Our sources have been determined to be from ground water and have a low level of susceptibility from potential contamination sources. We have also developed management strategies to further protect our sources from contamination. Please contact us if you have questions or concerns about our source protection plan.

**WATER CONNECTIONS**
There are many connections to our water distribution system. When connections are properly installed and maintained, the concerns are very minimal. However, unapproved and improper piping changes or connections can adversely affect not only the availability, but also the quality of the water. A cross connection may let polluted water or even chemicals mingle into the water supply system when not properly protected. This not only compromises the water quality but can also affect your health. So, what can you do? Do not make or allow improper connections at
your homes. Even that unprotected garden hose lying in the puddle next to the driveway is a cross connection. The unprotected lawn sprinkler system after you have fertilized or sprayed is also a cross connection. When the cross connection is allowed to exist at your home, it will affect you and your family first. If you'd like to learn more about helping to protect the quality of our water, call us for further information about ways you can help.

**LEAD EXPOSURE PREVENTION**

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. Spanish Fork City is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the safe Drinking Water Hotline or at [http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead](http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead).

**CONSTITUENTS IN WATER AND POSSIBLE RISKS**

Spanish Fork routinely monitors for constituents in our drinking water in accordance with the Federal and Utah State laws. All sources of drinking water are subject to potential contamination by constituents that are naturally occurring or man made. Those constituents can be microbes, organic or inorganic chemicals, or radioactive materials. All drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. It's important to remember that the presence of these constituents does not necessarily pose a health risk. Maximum Contaminant Levels (MCLs) are set at very stringent levels. To illustrate the possible health effects described for many regulated constituents, a person would have to drink 2 liters of water every day at the MCL level for a lifetime to have a one-in-a-million chance of having the described health effect. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency’s Safe Drinking Water Hotline at 1-800-426-4791.

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons (such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants) can be particularly at risk for infections. These people should seek advice from their health care providers about drinking water. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by cryptosporidium and other microbiological...
contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline (800-426-4791).

MONITORING REPORT
The table beginning on page 4 shows the results of our monitoring for the period of January 1st to December 31st, 2019. Below you will find many terms and abbreviations you might not be familiar with. To help you better understand these terms we’ve provided the following definitions:

- **ND/Low - High** - For water systems that have multiple sources of water, the Utah Division of Drinking Water has given water systems the option of listing the test results of the constituents in one table, instead of multiple tables. To accomplish this, the lowest and highest values detected in the multiple sources are recorded in the same space in the report table.

- **Parts per million (ppm) or Milligrams per liter (mg/l)** - one part per million corresponds to one minute in two years or a single penny in $10,000.

- **Parts per billion (ppb) or Micrograms per liter (ug/l)** - one part per billion corresponds to one minute in 2,000 years, or a single penny in $10,000,000.

- **Parts per trillion (ppt) or Nanograms per liter (nanograms/l)** - one part per trillion corresponds to one minute in 2,000,000 years, or a single penny in $10,000,000,000.

- **Picocuries per liter (pCi/L)** - picocuries per liter is a measure of the radioactivity in water.

- **Nephelometric Turbidity Unit (NTU)** - nephelometric turbidity unit is a measure of the clarity of water. Turbidity in excess of 5 NTU is just noticeable to the average person.

- **Action Level (AL)** - the concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow. Maximum

- **Contaminant Level (MCL)** - The “Maximum Allowed” (MCL) is the highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.

- **Maximum Contaminant Level Goal (MCLG)** - The “Goal” (MCLG) is the level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.
- **Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level (MRDL)** - The highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary for control of microbial contaminants.

- **Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level Goal (MRDLG)** - The level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contaminants. Date- Because of required sampling time frames i.e. yearly, 3 years, 4 years and 6 years, sampling dates may seem out-dated.

### TEST RESULTS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Contaminant</th>
<th>Violation Y/N</th>
<th>Level Detected ND/Lo-High</th>
<th>Unit Measurement</th>
<th>MCLG</th>
<th>MCL</th>
<th>Date Sampled</th>
<th>Likely Source of Contamination</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Microbiological Contaminants</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total Coliform Bacteria</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>ND</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>0</td>
<td></td>
<td>2019</td>
<td>Naturally present in the environment</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fecal coliform and E.coli</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>ND</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>If a routine sample and repeat sample are total coliform positive, and one is also fecal coliform or E. coli positive</td>
<td>2019</td>
<td>Human and animal fecal waste</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>--------------------------</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Turbidity for Ground Water</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>ND</td>
<td>NTU</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>0.3</td>
<td>2019</td>
<td>Soil runoff</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Inorganic Contaminants

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Barium</th>
<th>N</th>
<th>53-106</th>
<th>ppb</th>
<th>2000</th>
<th>2000</th>
<th>2019</th>
<th>Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Arsenic</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>ND-1</td>
<td>ppb</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>2019</td>
<td>Erosion of natural deposits; runoff from orchards; runoff from glass and electronics production wastes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Copper</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>a. 125 b. 0</td>
<td>ppb</td>
<td>1300</td>
<td>AL=1300</td>
<td>2019</td>
<td>Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Compounds</td>
<td>Units</td>
<td>Natural Range</td>
<td>2019 Value</td>
<td>AL</td>
<td>Results</td>
<td>Sources</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
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<td>--------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lead</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>a. 2.5, b. 0</td>
<td>15</td>
<td>AL=15</td>
<td>90%</td>
<td>Corrosion of household plumbing systems, erosion of natural deposits</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nitrate (as Nitrogen)</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>1-3 ppm</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>Runoff from fertilizer use; leaching from septic tanks, sewage; erosion of natural deposits</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Selenium</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>2-5 ppb</td>
<td>50</td>
<td>50</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>Discharge from petroleum and metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits; discharge from mines</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sodium</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>4-68 ppm</td>
<td>500</td>
<td>None set by EPA</td>
<td>2019</td>
<td>Erosion of natural deposits; discharge from refineries and factories; runoff from landfills.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sulfate</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>22-14 ppm</td>
<td>1000</td>
<td>1000</td>
<td>2019</td>
<td>Erosion of natural deposits; discharge from refineries and factories; runoff from landfills, runoff from cropland</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Disinfection By-products**
<p>| | | | | | | |</p>
<table>
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<tr>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>TTHM</strong> [Total trihalomethanes]</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>ND-0.7</td>
<td>ppb</td>
<td>80</td>
<td>80</td>
<td>2019 By-product of drinking water disinfection</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Haloacetic Acids</strong></td>
<td>N</td>
<td>ND-23</td>
<td>Ppb</td>
<td>60</td>
<td>60</td>
<td>2018 By-product of drinking water disinfection</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Chlorine</strong></td>
<td>N</td>
<td>400</td>
<td>ppb</td>
<td>4000</td>
<td>4000</td>
<td>2019 Water additive used to control microbes</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Radioactive Contaminants**

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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Alpha emitters</strong></td>
<td>N</td>
<td>2-3</td>
<td>pCi/l</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>15</td>
<td>2019 Erosion of natural deposits</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Radium 228</strong></td>
<td>N</td>
<td>ND-0.5</td>
<td>pCi/l</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>2019 Erosion of natural deposits</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>